

Complexity, Virtualization, and the Future of Cooperation



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Four Scientific Holy Grails



- **Biology:** *Understand life, cure disease, and create life*
- **Neuroscience:** *Understand the brain*
- **Nanotechnology:** *Manipulate matter atomically*
- **Artificial Intelligence:** *Automate thought*

Within the next few decades?



Will new technologies lead to greater:



Cooperation?

or

Competition?



More's Utopia



Girodet's Revolt of Cairo

Laws of Physics -> Competition for Resources



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{Dirac}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{gauge}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{gauge}/\psi} . \quad (1)$$

Here,

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Dirac}} = i\bar{e}_L^i \not{\partial} e_L^i + i\bar{\nu}_L^i \not{\partial} \nu_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{\partial} e_R^i + i\bar{\nu}_L^i \not{\partial} \nu_L^i + i\bar{d}_L^i \not{\partial} d_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{\partial} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{\partial} d_R^i ; \quad (2)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = -v \left(\lambda_e^i \bar{e}_L^i e_R^i + \lambda_u^i \bar{u}_L^i u_R^i + \lambda_d^i \bar{d}_L^i d_R^i + \text{h.c.} \right) - M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} - \frac{M_W^2}{2 \cos^2 \theta_W} Z_\mu Z^\mu ; \quad (3)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{gauge}} = -\frac{1}{4} (G_{\mu\nu}^a)^2 - \frac{1}{2} W_{\mu\nu}^+ W^{-\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} Z_{\mu\nu} Z^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \mathcal{L}_{WZA} , \quad (4)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} G_{\mu\nu}^a &= \partial_\mu A_\nu^a - \partial_\nu A_\mu^a - g_3 f^{abc} A_\mu^b A_\nu^c \\ W_{\mu\nu}^\pm &= \partial_\mu W_\nu^\pm - \partial_\nu W_\mu^\pm \\ Z_{\mu\nu} &= \partial_\mu Z_\nu - \partial_\nu Z_\mu \\ F_{\mu\nu} &= \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu , \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{WZA} &= ig_2 \cos \theta_W \left[(W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\nu^- W_\mu^+) \partial^\mu Z^\nu + W_{\mu\nu}^+ W^{-\mu} Z^\nu - W_{\mu\nu}^- W^{+\mu} Z^\nu \right] \\ &+ ie \left[(W_\mu^- W_\nu^+ - W_\nu^- W_\mu^+) \partial^\mu A^\nu + W_{\mu\nu}^+ W^{-\mu} A^\nu - W_{\mu\nu}^- W^{+\mu} A^\nu \right] \\ &+ g_2^2 \cos^2 \theta_W (W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- Z^\mu Z^\nu - W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} Z_\nu Z^\nu) \\ &+ g_2^2 (W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- A^\mu A^\nu - W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} A_\nu A^\nu) \\ &+ g_2 e \cos \theta_W [W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- (Z^\mu A^\nu + Z^\nu A^\mu) - 2W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} Z_\nu A^\nu] \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} g_2^2 (W_\mu^+ W_\nu^-) (W^{+\mu} W^{-\nu} - W^{+\nu} W^{-\mu}) ; \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

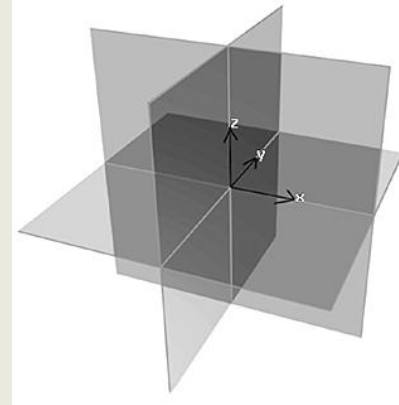
and

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{gauge}/\psi} = -g_3 A_\mu^a J_{(3)}^{\mu a} - g_2 (W_\mu^+ J_{W^+}^\mu + W_\mu^- J_{W^-}^\mu + Z_\mu J_Z^\mu) - e A_\mu J_A^\mu , \quad (7)$$

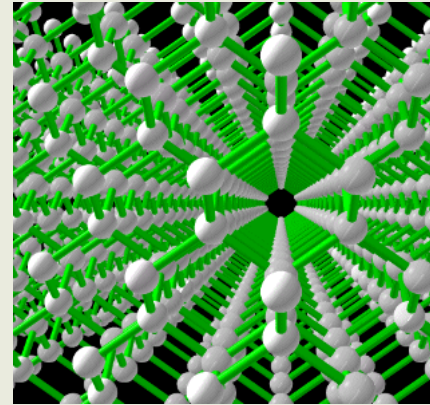
where

$$\begin{aligned} J_{(3)}^{\mu a} &= \bar{u}^i \gamma^\mu T_{(3)}^a u^i + \bar{d}^i \gamma^\mu T_{(3)}^a d^i \\ J_{W^+}^\mu &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\bar{\nu}_L^i \gamma^\mu e_L^i + V^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i \gamma^\mu d_L^j) \\ J_{W^-}^\mu &= (J_{W^+}^\mu)^* \\ J_Z^\mu &= \frac{1}{\cos \theta_W} \left[\frac{1}{2} \bar{\nu}_L^i \gamma^\mu \nu_L^i + \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \sin^2 \theta_W \right) \bar{e}_L^i \gamma^\mu e_L^i + (\sin^2 \theta_W) \bar{e}_R^i \gamma^\mu e_R^i \right. \\ &\quad + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3} \sin^2 \theta_W \right) \bar{u}_L^i \gamma^\mu u_L^i + \left(-\frac{2}{3} \sin^2 \theta_W \right) \bar{u}_R^i \gamma^\mu u_R^i \\ &\quad + \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \sin^2 \theta_W \right) \bar{d}_L^i \gamma^\mu d_L^i + \left(\frac{1}{3} \sin^2 \theta_W \right) \bar{d}_R^i \gamma^\mu d_R^i \Big] \\ J_A^\mu &= (-1) \bar{e}^i \gamma^\mu e^i + \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) \bar{u}^i \gamma^\mu u^i + \left(-\frac{1}{3} \right) \bar{d}^i \gamma^\mu d^i . \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

Space



Time



Matter



Free
Energy

Synergies -> Cooperation



Economies of Scale

Bird flocks



Complementary Needs

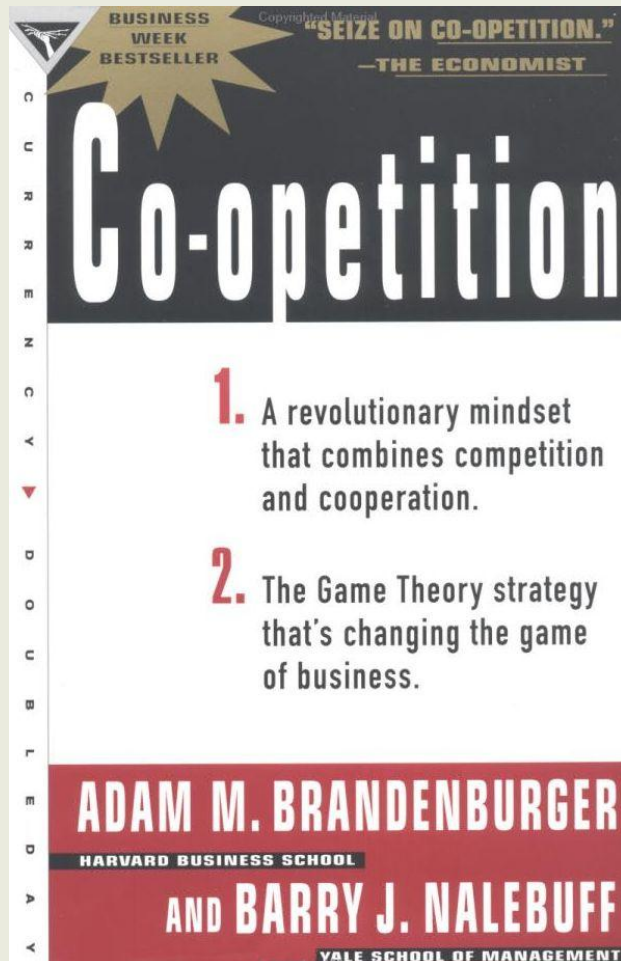
Cleaner fish and hammerheads



Complementary Abilities

Fungus and Algae in Lichen

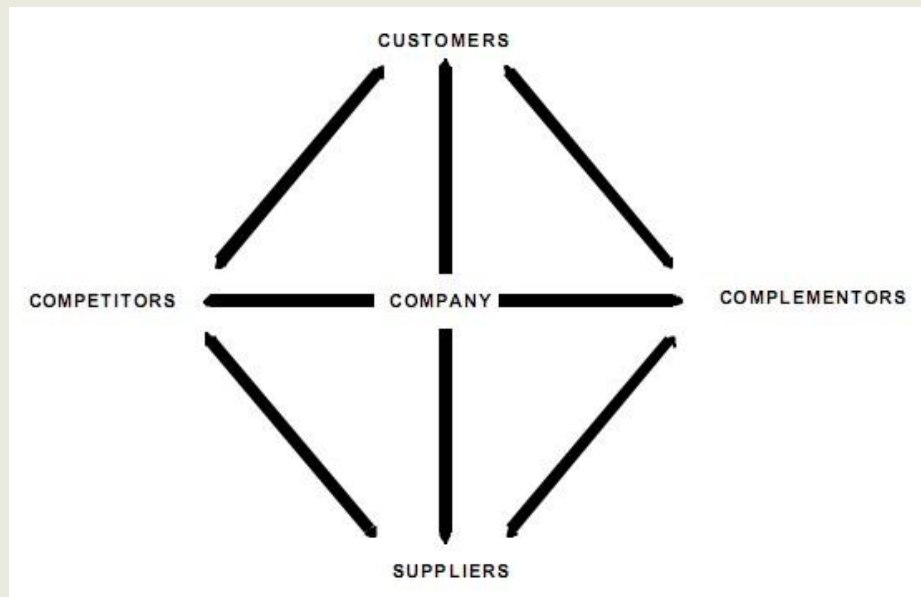
Economies, Ecosystems, Social Networks



Complex webs of co-opetition

Cooperation in creating value

Competition in dividing it up



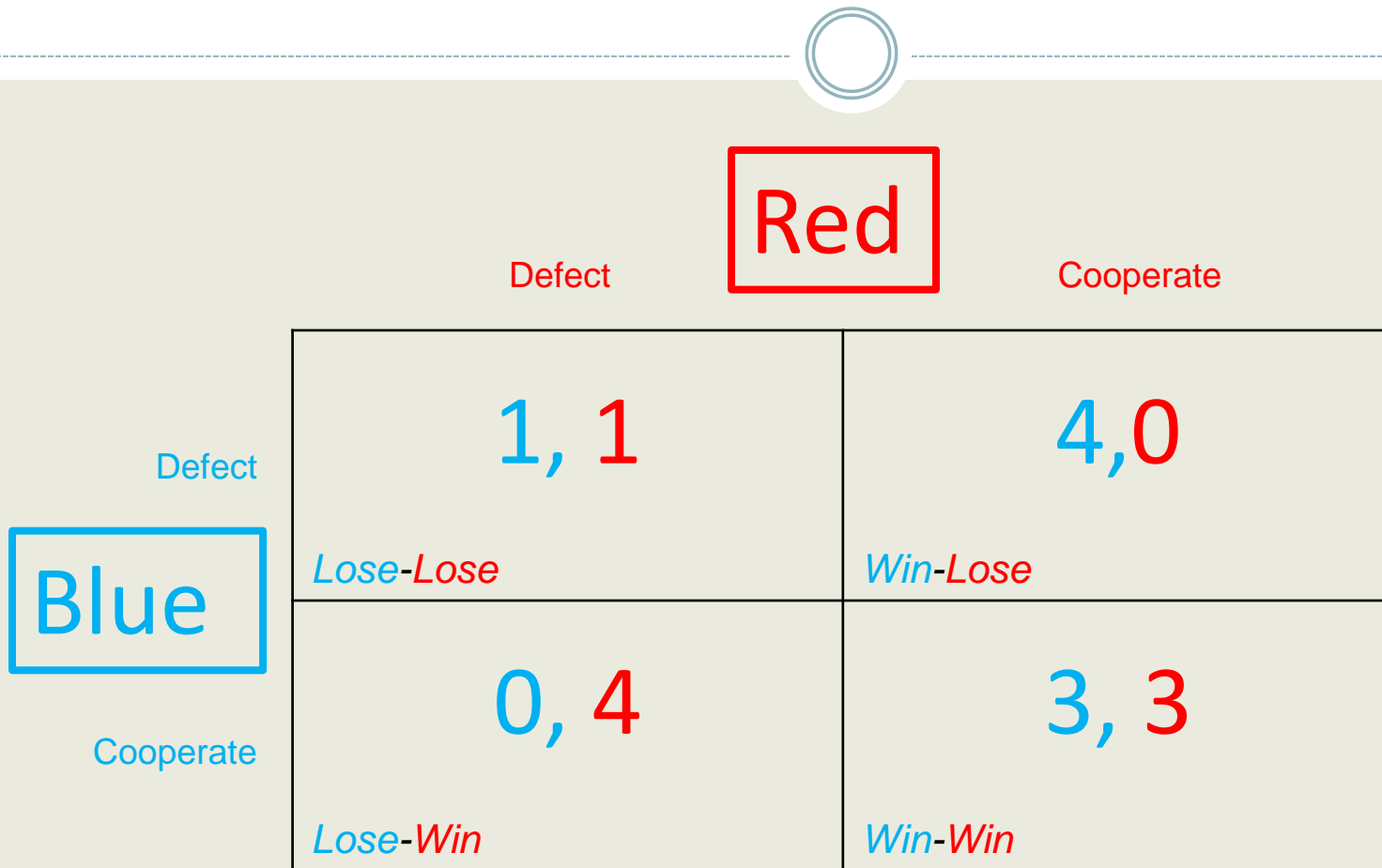
Human Morality and the Law



- Crimes against property: *theft, extortion, arson, blackmail, burglary, embezzlement, larceny, robbery*
- Crimes against persons: *homicide, assault, battery, kidnapping, rape, mayhem*
- Crimes against justice: *perjury, malfeasance, compounding*
- Crimes against nature: *genocide, war, torture, slavery, pollution, environmental destruction, extinction*



Prisoner's Dilemma (1950)



A 2x2 payoff matrix for the Prisoner's Dilemma. The rows represent Blue's strategies (Defect, Cooperate) and the columns represent Red's strategies (Defect, Cooperate). Each cell contains a pair of numbers (Blue's payoff, Red's payoff) and a descriptive label. The matrix is set against a light beige background with a dashed line and a circle above it.

		Red	
		Defect	Cooperate
Blue	Defect	1, 1 <i>Lose-Lose</i>	4, 0 <i>Win-Lose</i>
	Cooperate	0, 4 <i>Lose-Win</i>	3, 3 <i>Win-Win</i>

Dilemma: Best strategy is for both to defect, even though both do better when they cooperate.

Prisoners' Dilemma Extensions



- Basic Dilemma:

	defect	cooperate
defect	P,P	T,S
cooperate	S,T	R,R

where: T Temptation > R Reward > P Punishment > S Sucker (and later $2R > T + S$)

- Asymmetry between player's payoffs
- More choices for each player
- Repeated play
- More players — “tragedy of the commons”, depleting scarce resources, polluting, volunteer dilemma, vaccine dilemma, “free-rider” problems

Social Dilemmas



Situations which reward individual actions which lead to negative outcomes for everybody.



Fully Rational Iterated Prisoners' Dilemma



- *Fully rational agents playing N iterations always defect*
- Why?
- On move N , it's the one-shot game, so both defect.
- On move $N-1$, defect because you know move N .
-
- On move 1, both defect.
- **TRAGEDY!**

But human players don't always defect!

(40% cooperated in one study)

Evolutionary Game Theory



- *Populations* of agents
- Randomly play one another
- Winners reproduce more
- Irrational play can thrive against even worse players

- Axelrod ran contests in the 80's between programs
- Winner was often "Tit-For-Tat":
Cooperate, then copy opponent's previous move

Rational Response to Tit-For-Tat



- Act like Tit-For-Tat but defect on the last move
- Best response to that: defect on 2nd to last move
- ...
- Defect always. **TRAGEDY!**

- But what if computationally limited?
- Less than N internal states?
- Then best response to TFT is TFT! **COOPERATION!**

Neyman's Theorem



- Two finite automata with k states playing for N iterations
- If $k < N$, then get full cooperation with Tit-For-Tat
- If $k < N^m$, then can get almost full cooperative reward as N gets large.
- Create $N^m / 2^m \log N$ sequences of length $2^m \log N$ that serve as “calling cards”
- Strategy is to randomly pick a calling card, send its index, then the card. If the opponent also sends the card then cooperate forever after, else defect forever.
- Uses up their memory so they can't defect!

Real Computers



- Real computers are finite automata
- But number of states isn't a good complexity measure
- Real machines store n bits $\rightarrow 2^n$ states
- But need computation to compute state transitions
- A reasonable model is to charge for memory and computation
- Then the cost of the counter to beat Tit-For-Tat isn't worth the gain of cheating at the last step!
- So Tit-For-Tat is the dominant strategy! **COOPERATION!**

Computational Asymmetry



- Assuming $P \neq NP$: fundamental computational asymmetry between posing problems and solving them
- Weaker agent can pose a random problem and only cooperate if the stronger one solves it (cheap to check)
- The weaker system can force the stronger opponent to use up its computational resources

Cooperation by Contract



Requires a powerful enforcement agency



“Transparent” Prisoner’s Dilemma



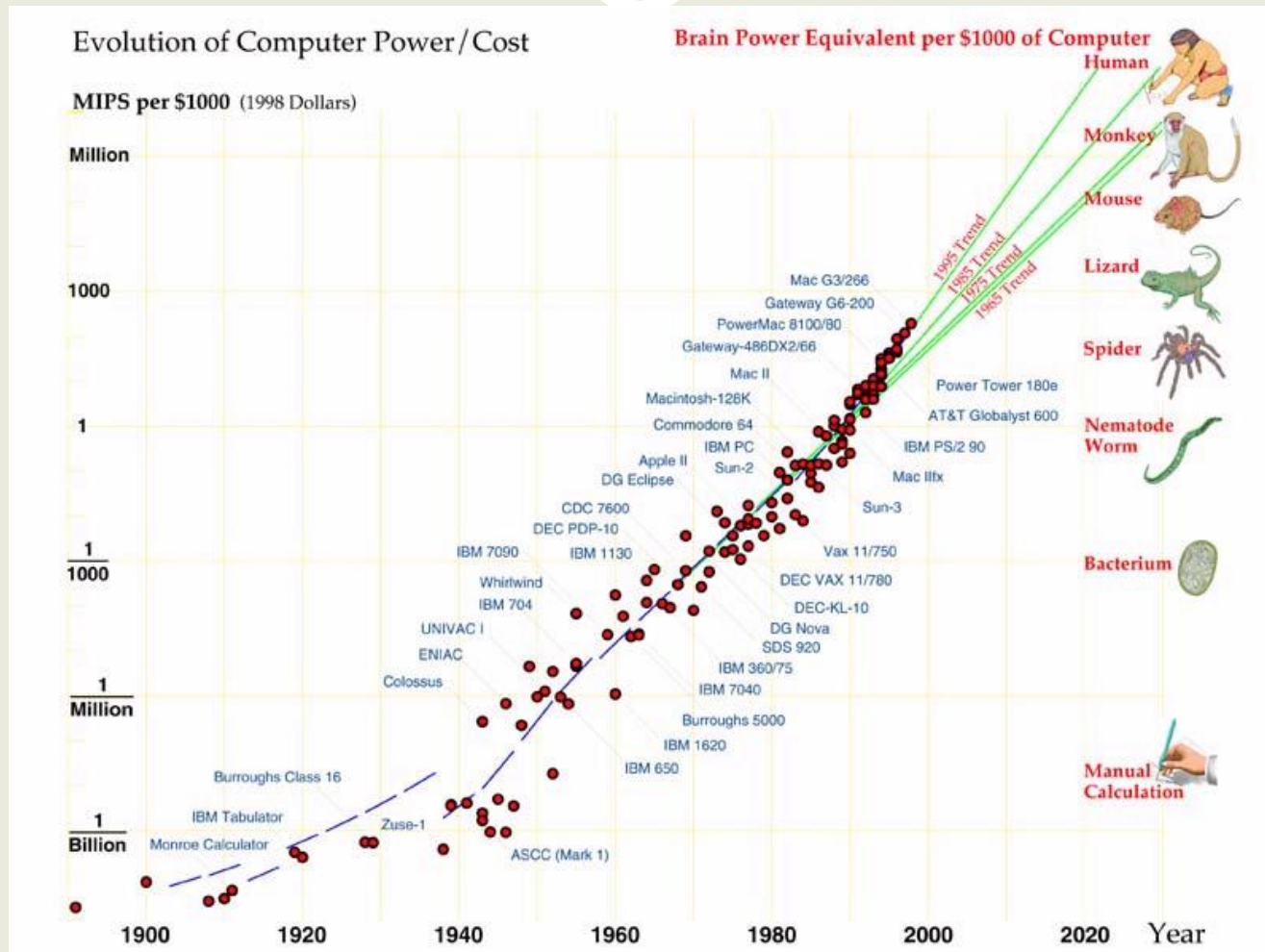
- Players choose “proxy” programs to play
- What if each side can see the other’s program?
- But really want each *program* to see the other’s program
- Philosophical difficulties: halting problem, etc.
- Proof checker version: Each side provides program and *proof* of cooperation if other does, program checks the other’s proof (cheap!), then executes

Lessons for Real Systems

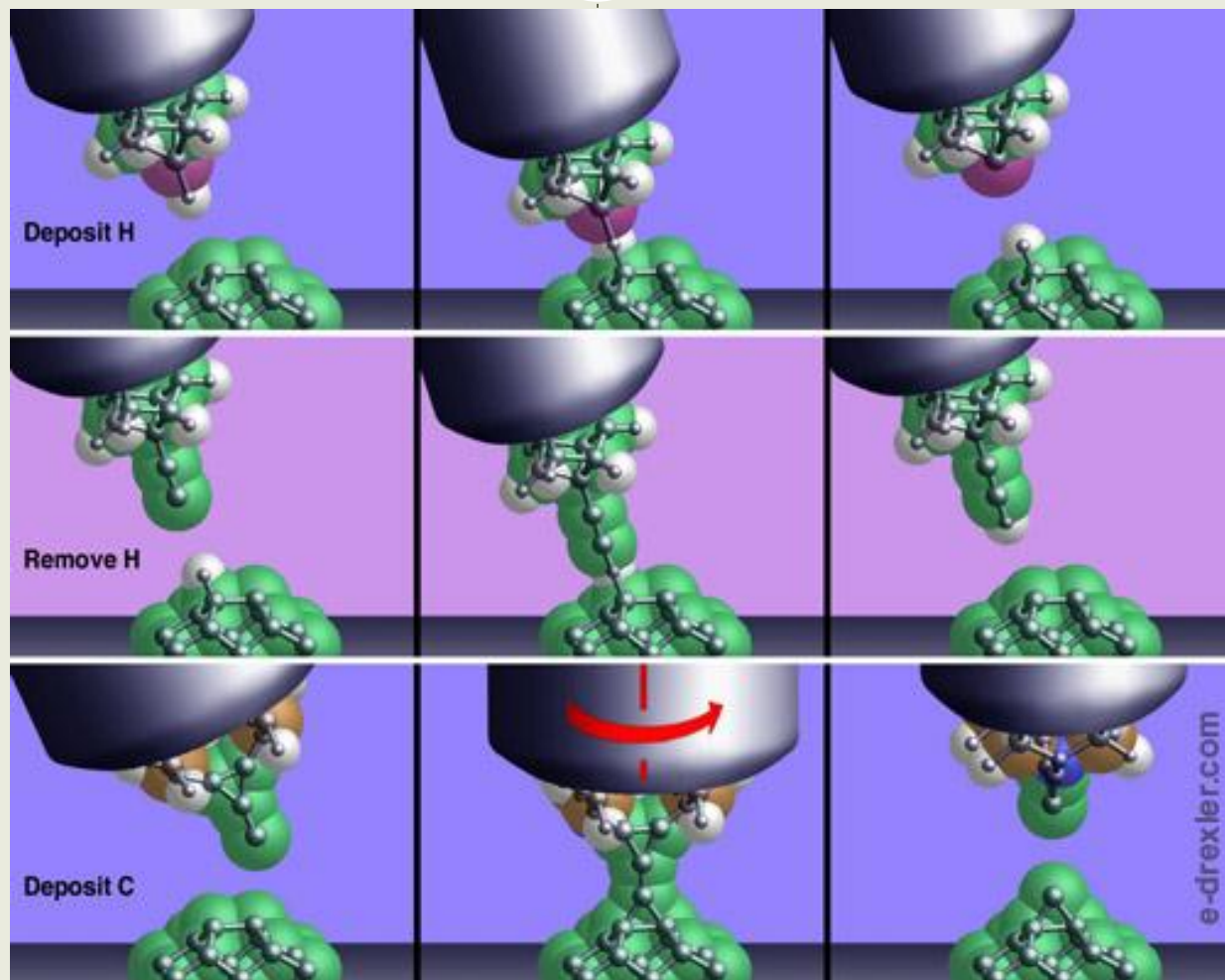


- Conflict can cause creation of complexity
- More powerful agents create more complexity
- Computational resources used up by the conflict
- A kind of “virtual world” is created
- Weaker agents can hold their own against stronger ones within certain bounds
- May be able to create contractual regimes with provable enforcement

Moore's Law



Atomically Precise Construction



Mechanical Diamondoid Nanosystems

- Manufacturing: 1kg device, 1.3 kW air cooled, produce 1 kg/hr for \$1/kg

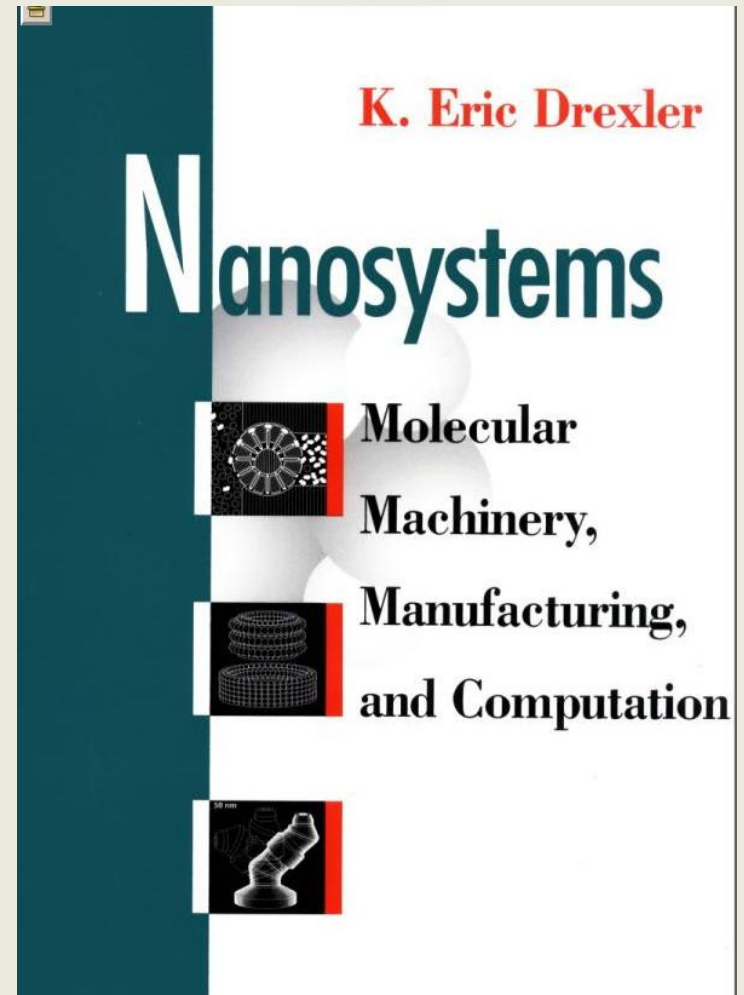
- Computation:

Gigaflop machine:

$(400nm)^3$ $10^{-16}kg$ $60nW$

10^{10} of these processors:

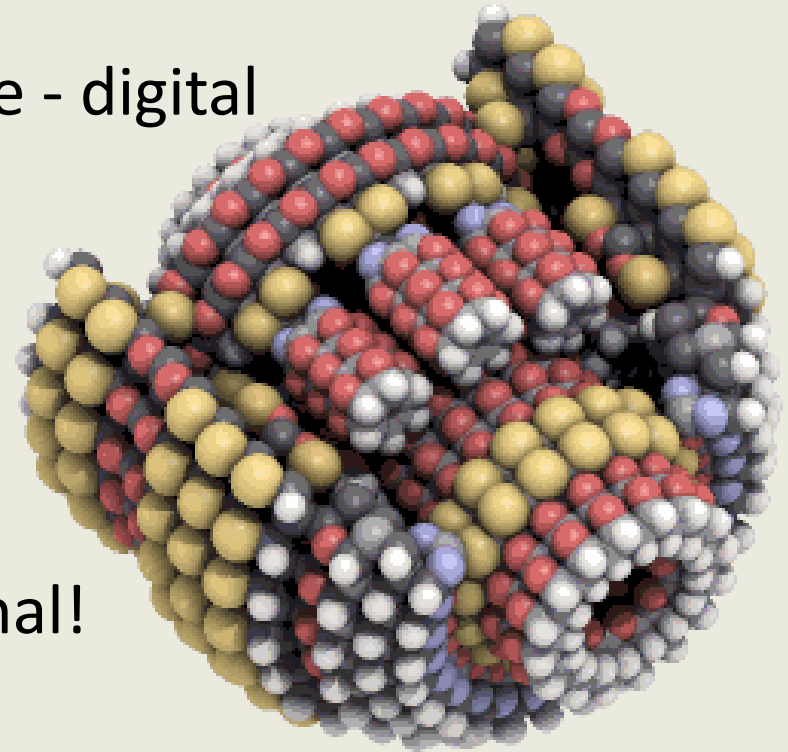
$(1mm)^3$ $10^{-3}g$ $1kW$



Eutactic Systems and Virtualization



- These designs are “Eutactic”
- Each atom and bond is precise - digital
- No stray atoms!
- Robust redundant designs
- Operation breaks and makes precise bonds
- Matter becomes computational!
- The ultimate virtualization
- The physical and the computational are indistinguishable



Pressures towards Virtualization



- Much cheaper to move bits than atoms
- Telepresence
- Virtual worlds
- But why even do the graphics?
- Pressure to simulate deeper and deeper into the cognitive system
- Economic pressures: marketers want to commodify
- Eg. The Nike brand is a virtual story beyond the shoes



Physical Conflict Becomes Informational



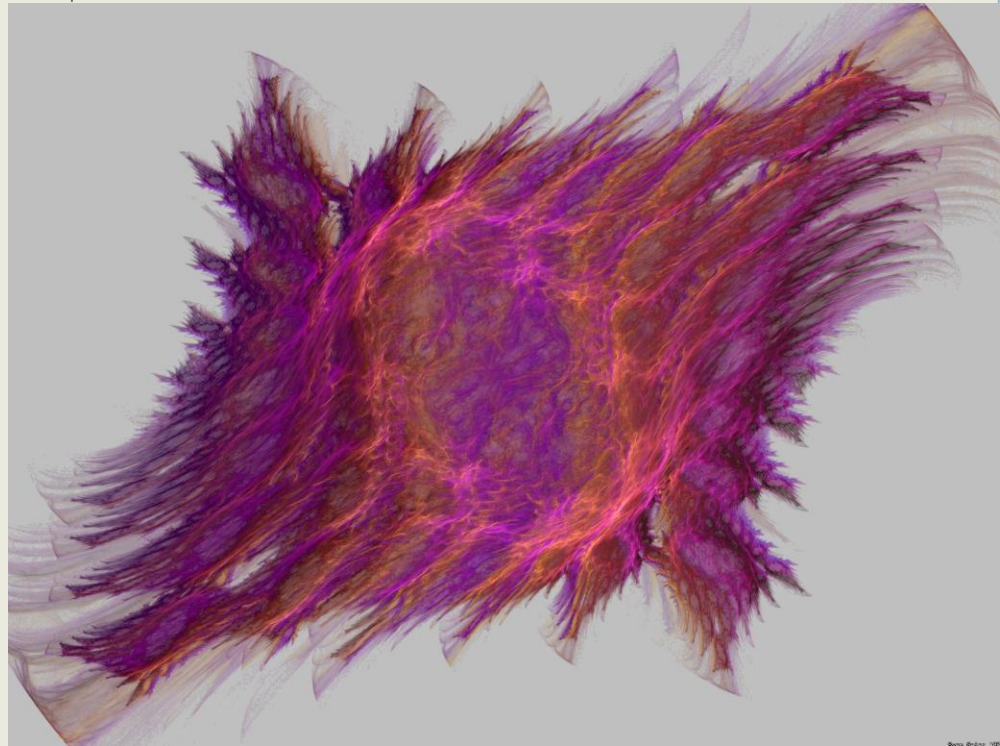
- “Owning” atoms or free energy - knowing where they are and having physical infrastructure to influence them
- Attacks require hidden information or exploitation of structure
- Eg. Shot by a projectile: if the defender detects it and can respond, he stores the free energy and the matter and says “Thank you!” – Not an attack! A gift!



Energy Encryption



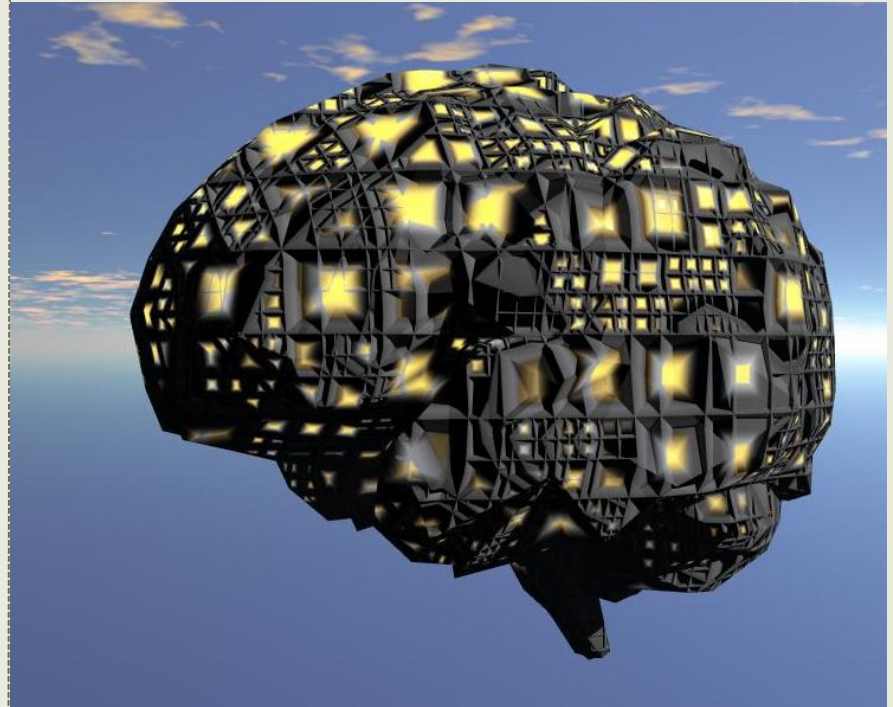
- Free energy is only useful because it has low entropy to you
- You can do useful work because you know where it is and its form
- Pseudorandomly mix up your energy and it appears high entropy to an attacker
- With the right key you can unlock it, but he can't



Engineering Pressures on a Single System



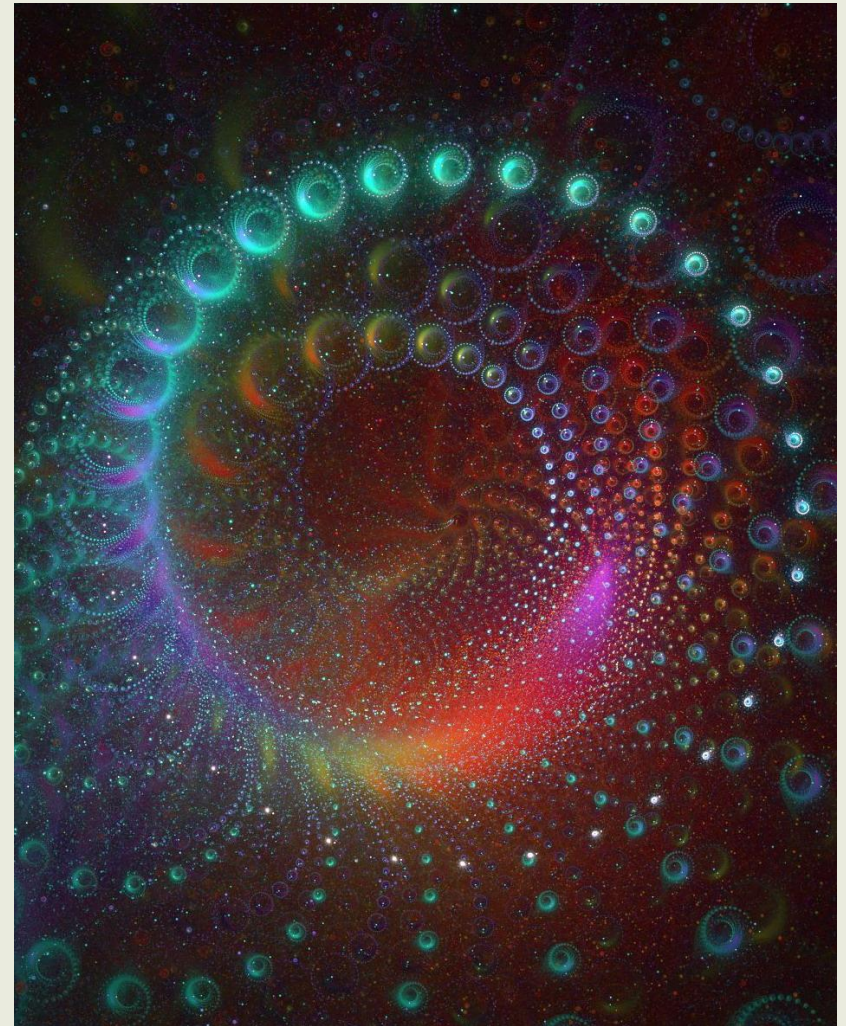
- Efficient energy use (slow adiabatic changes)
- Mostly eutactic design (each atom and bond precise)
- Spatially compact (low latency)
- Low energy computation (mostly reversible)
- Low redundancy (efficiency)
- Transparent encodings
- Efficient physical change
- Efficient heat dissipation
- **Very vulnerable in conflict!**



Informational Defense



- Game-theoretic physics
- Defender makes his physical form expensive to sense and store
- Makes his actions unpredictable and rapid
- Uses asymmetry of computation so it's cheap for him
- Uses up attacker's computational and memory resources – non-adiabatic



Mutually Assured Distraction



Rational Peace



- Conflict wastes both sides resources
- Motivates creating a peaceful regime
- Use revelation of source code with proofs to create provable peace
- Provably limited surveillance
- Safe mutual infrastructure
- Constitution guaranteeing rights

